

# The BROAD AX

HEW TO THE LINE; LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY

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## The First Big Municipal Dance at the Lincoln Gardens Was a Great Success. No Visible Color Line Was in Evidence

THE TWO SECTIONS OF THE GRAND MARCH WERE LED BY PHILLIP WILBUR TROUT—MRS. MAUDE L. LAWRENCE, CAPTAIN LOUIS B. ANDERSON—MISS ANNA SEPPLE. JULIUS F. TAYLOR ASSISTED TO DIRECT IT.

QUITE A FEW PROMINENT WHITE AND COLORED CITIZENS WERE PRESENT TO WITNESS THE AFFAIR, AND THEY WILLINGLY MINGLED WITH THE COLORED MEN AND WOMEN, FREELY JOINING IN THE DANCING WITH THEM.

NO TROUBLE OR DISORDER OF ANY KIND APPEARED ABOVE THE SURFACE. MR. TROUT, SUPERINTENDENT OF DANCE HALLS, WAS HIGHLY GRATIFIED OVER THE FIRST VENTURE OF THAT KIND ON THE SOUTH SIDE.

IN THE NEAR FUTURE OTHER MUNICIPAL DANCES WILL BE HELD IN THE SAME SECTION OF THE CITY.

Tuesday evening the first big municipal dance was held at the Lincoln Gardens, 10 East 29th street, and notwithstanding the fact that the weather was very unpleasant on that evening, the hall was well filled. Many white men and women residing in that neighborhood dropped into the hall and it was rather amusing at first to observe their actions; they like the majority of the colored people who were among the first comers did not know if they would be permitted to pitch in and dance to their heart's content, or whether they should stand back and simply look on; so they like the colored people with few exceptions at first hesitated and no one seemed to be willing to venture out on the floor and do a little dancing, so that was the way the affair stood until about nine o'clock, for everybody seemed to be hesitating.

At that time Mr. Phillip Wilbur Trout, superintendent of dance halls, who is the right man in the right place, very gracefully wended his way to the center of the floor and invited those who desired to dance to follow him and join in a new dance in which the women all joined hands in an inner circle and the men followed suit in a larger circle on the outside of them, and in a few moments from that time the white and colored folks were all mixed up together and sometimes it was very hard to tell one from the other, and from that time on no one seemed to be fearful that their color would change.

Along about half past ten o'clock the grand march was formed and Mr. Trout insisted that the writer should lead it, but we informed him that no one with feet as large as ours could ever earn their salt at dancing, but that if he really wanted us to have a hand in it we would assist to direct it, and it was formed into two sections. One was led by Mr. Trout and Mrs. Maude L. Lawrence, and the other section by Captain Louis B. Anderson, republican candidate for alderman of the second ward, and Miss Anna Sepple, probation officer and president of the Cook county probation officers' association. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Thomas, D. G. Smith and Mrs. Etta Shoecraft, G. Fisher and Miss Mary Webber were some of those who joined in the grand march, which was mixed up with both white and colored couples.

At the conclusion of the grand march the music by Bowman's orchestra and the dancing was very lively until 12 o'clock, at which time "Home, Sweet Home" was played. No trouble or disorder of any kind appeared above the surface and peace and absolute harmony reigned supreme throughout the evening, and Mr. Trout, superintendent of dance halls, was more than

gratified with the first venture of that kind on the south side. At the same time he pronounced it a great success. In the near future other municipal dances will be given in the same section of the city.

Aside from those already mentioned, Mrs. Esther Falkenstein, Rev. W. S. Braddan, Miss Mable Hodges, Dr. W. H. Davis, George H. Jackson, Mrs. Ida B. Wells-Barnett, Col. or Editor R. S. Abbott, Miss Minnie R. Jones, Rev. A. L. Harris, pastor of Hermon Baptist church, representing the Juvenile Protective Association, Mrs. Minnie Berlin, Mr. Farrani, Charles E. Morrison and A. L. Harris, representing Mayor Carter H. Harrison and the city hall who acted and looked as wise as night owls, Mrs. David O. Shea, president Catholic Woman's League, Margaret McGearty Long, superintendent Juvenile Court, Mrs. Mory, Miss Gilligan, Miss Anne Bigley, representing the Juvenile Court, Miss Welsh, Miss Thulin, Miss Moran and Miss Davern, were among the prominent white and colored citizens who witnessed the affair.

### CARVES UNIQUE WOOD CANE FOR THE PRESIDENT.

New Orleans, Dec. 28.—Alexander Mouton, grandson of the first Democratic Governor of Louisiana, and United States Senator, whose name he bears, has fashioned and carved with an ordinary pocket knife an unique cane for President Wilson. An inscription carved in high relief covers nearly the entire surface of the cane.

The wood is very hard, requiring remarkable patience, as well as skill to form the letters.

The inscription follows:

Woodrow Wilson, Democratic educator, author and statesman, Princeton—Graduated 1879; professor of jurisprudence, political economy; politics, 1890-1897; President, 1902-1910. Bryn Mawr—Professor of political economy, 1885-1888; Wesleyan—Professor of political economy, 1888-1890. University of Virginia—Law student, 1879-1880. Lawyer, 1882-1883. Democratic Governor of New Jersey, 1910-1912. Made of a piece of wood from the property of the first Democratic Governor of Louisiana, carved and presented to the President by the first grandson, whose name he bears. Alexander Mouton, Lafayette, La., 1914.

Mouton, who is a machinist, rebuilt the machinery of the mint here following the coining of the Bland dollar. Later he created a mint for the Mexican government in the City of Mexico. During President Cleveland's administration he was chief engineer of the mint in this city.



HON. ROBERT M. SWEITZER

The extremely popular Clerk of the County Court, who has entered the race for Mayor of Chicago and he feels confident that he will put Mayor Carter H. Harrison out of the running at the primaries February 23.

### TWO GOOD HEALTH ITEMS.

One of the most interesting finds of the Department of Health for the year was reported a few days ago by one of its north side sanitary inspectors. In a building three stories high, used as a rooming house and containing fourteen water closets, the only bath tub found was one which the owner of the rooming house had set up in his kitchen for his own and his family's immediate use. The kitchen being rather small it was necessary to economize space and consequently a sort of serving table top was placed on top of the bath tub and the "two in one" fixture was a kitchen work table or a family bath as necessity required.

If one family of four or five persons finds it necessary to have a bath tub in order to keep clean and maintain bodily health and vigor, how many bath tubs would be necessary in a rooming house of that size? Or, if we put it another way, what is the status of the personal sanitation of fifty persons without bath tub facilities in a rooming house when the family of five in the same house find it necessary to have a bath tub to keep clean? And again taking another view, one would be inclined to think that a landlord who wanted his own family to be clean and healthy, would certainly insist that his tenants occupying the same building with him should have the same advantages.

The Department of Health seldom is in receipt of letters such as the following. And on account of its rarity in sentiment expressed, the Bulletin feels warranted in making it public. As will be inferred, the firm deals in a certain line of foodstuffs. But, here is the letter:

"Yours of the 8th inst. at hand and contents noted. Your request shall be complied with.

"Pleased be advised that it is our constant endeavor to keep all walls and ceilings clean and white. It is approaching the end of the season when we regularly do this work.

"We state these facts in connection herewith that you will know that we have not been remiss in this matter. We shall be pleased to have your inspector, however, keep us jacked up from time to time, because we rather welcome it and it is our policy to co-operate with your Department."

The point in the above unusual letter is the expressed desire for inspection to the end that the firm's own standards be maintained. This is surely a fine spirit of co-operation. Better still, it shows an appreciation of the helpful character of food inspection work when rightly and properly done. As a matter of fact the Department likes to feel that its efforts to improve either food or sani-

tary conditions of any kind are meant to help those most affected by them. And the more earnest and hearty the co-operation that is given by the citizens to the Department, the better will be the real service rendered.

### TUBERCULOSIS CAMPAIGN SPENDS TWENTY MILLIONS.

#### SIXTY-SIX PER CENT COMES FROM PUBLIC FUNDS. NEW YORK STATE LEADS.

More than \$20,500,000 was spent last year in the campaign against tuberculosis in the United States. Of this sum, 66.8 per cent was derived from public funds, either federal, state, county or municipal, and the remainder was contributed by private philanthropy. These are some of the interesting figures contained in the annual statistical statement of The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, made public today. The statement is based largely on actual reports received from anti-tuberculosis agencies throughout the country, but where reports are not available, the figures have been estimated.

Institutional care and treatment of consumptives in hospitals and sanatoria makes up the largest share of the total expenditures. More than \$17,300,000 was spent for this purpose, with an additional \$925,000 for special treatment of tuberculous insane and prisoners. These figures include not only the cost of maintenance, but in some instances the cost of construction of institutions. Anti-tuberculosis associations spent the next largest sum, amounting to a little over \$900,000. Care of patients in dispensaries and by visiting nurses cost almost as much, approximately \$860,000. The growth of the open air school movement is shown in the fact that last year more than \$300,000 was spent for this purpose, as against \$10,000 expended five years ago. State and city boards of health spent \$200,000 directly on tuberculosis work.

In the last five years, the percentage of money spent from public funds has steadily increased from 53 per cent in 1909 to 69.3 per cent in 1913, and 66.8 per cent last year. The National Association considers this increase significant, since it indicates a shifting of the burden of institutional care of the consumptive from the private purse to the general public purse where it rightly belongs.

New York State spent more money last year in the tuberculosis campaign than any other two states in the Union, due largely to the increased and rapidly developing movement for city and county care of the tuberculous. Pennsylvania, which has occupied second

## Never Too Late to Enter. New Contestants Can Enter Up to Two Weeks Before the Contest Closes. When You Stop to Consider

the princely prizes, you should work with might and main; get into the contest with a shout; work hard and there will be no cause for regret. Consider the prizes and you will see that it is worth your every effort.

### Chance of a Life Time.

You may never have the opportunity again to win such valuable gifts with the assistance of your friends.

Get Your Friends to Help You carry off one of these grand prizes. A fifteen hundred dollar Marathon machine fully equipped. The auto that The Broad Ax will give away to the most popular person includes all equipment, without additional cost—not an extra need be bought—best grade of silk mohair top, side curtains, adjustable wind shield, speedometer, best grade mohair seat covers, demountable rims, one extra rim tire, irons, tire straps,

### Electric Self Starter

electric head lights, electric tail light, electric side lights in dash, pump, tire repair kit, tool kit, and other usual equipment. Everything that is needed for an automobile.

And the Stephen M. Meyers player piano, value \$650. No more need be said about this wonderful player piano, every one knows the merits of this really wonderful self player. The piano that is known to the trade as Padewski's rival. A piano that will cheer and improve any home.

### These are only Two of Our Gifts.

Seven more to be awarded to the popular people, and all worth striving for. It is just a case of "a little energy applied at the right time," and the present is the right time.

With Our Special Coupon Offer you will find it an easy matter to get the lead and to stay in the lead is the only sure way to win the grand prize. With the closing of the special offer you will find that you have missed the greatest opportunity of accumulating an enormous amount of extra votes, votes that you will find "very handy" on the closing night of the contest. The special offer closes January 4, 1915, at 9 p. m. There will not be another offer like it; so now is the time to take advantage of this great offer before it is too late.

### SCALE OF VOTES.

\$ 2.00	One Year	1,000 votes
4.00	Two Years	3,000 votes
6.00	Three Years	6,000 votes
8.00	Four Years	10,000 votes
10.00	Five Years	15,000 votes

### NAMES OF CONTESTANTS.

Rev. J. W. Robinson, 4925 Wabash Ave., Pastor of St. Mark's Ch.	42,200 votes
Miss Hattie Winslow, 3535 South Wabash Ave.	38,570 votes
Henry Humphrey, 3607 State street.	31,000 votes
Miss B. Forston, 2962 Wabash Ave., Flat 6.	31,050 votes
Mme. E. M. Scott, 3611 S. State St.	30,000 votes
Miss Nellie Callaway, 3300 Rhodes Ave.	21,000 votes
Rev. W. S. Braddan (chaplain 8th Reg.), 5008 Fifth Ave.	17,500 votes
Miss Pauline D. Owens, Mounds, Ill.	10,160 votes
Miss Ethel Cole, 3600 Wabash Ave., Flat 44.	9,000 votes
Alma G. Rowens, 3228 Calumet Ave.	7,800 votes
Miss Katie Fowler, 5363 Dearborn St.	6,340 votes
Miss Cora Mason, 11 E. 34th St.	6,180 votes
Miss Amy Roger, Columbia St., Aurora, Ill.	6,020 votes
Miss Marie Jefferson, 6119 Loomis St.	5,020 votes
Miss Josephine Davis, 3244 Wabash Ave.	5,000 votes
Miss Elizabeth Clark, 3812 Wabash Ave.	5,000 votes
Miss Cleo Dickinson, 1908 W. Walnut St.	5,000 votes
Mrs. Louise Webb, 3807 Vincennes Ave.	5,000 votes

### SPECIAL VOTE COUPON.

RETURN THIS COUPON ON OR BEFORE MONDAY, JANUARY 4TH, 1915, WITH FIVE DOLLARS, EITHER IN SUBSCRIPTIONS OR ADVERTISEMENTS, AND YOU WILL RECEIVE 10,000 SPECIAL VOTES.

(Fill out blank below.)

Candidates name .....

Address .....

Each candidate is limited to ten coupons.

place for the past four years, was superseded last year by Illinois, with Massachusetts in fourth place and Colorado in fifth place. The following shows the estimated public and private expenditures in each of the five leading states.

### Expenditures in 1914.

New York, public \$3,286,858, private \$1,728,269, total \$5,015,127; Illinois, public \$1,789,428, private \$536,100, total \$2,325,528; Pennsylvania, public \$1,637,623, private \$473,913, total \$2,111,536; Massachusetts, public \$1,231,600, private \$301,767, total \$1,533,367; Colorado, public \$100,500, private \$73,798, total \$174,298.

Booker T. Washington, head of the Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, has extended a cordial invitation to the editor to visit Tuskegee and be one of his special guests during the forthcoming Tuskegee Negro Conference. We very much regret that we will be unable to accept of his hospitality this coming year 1915, but at the conference in 1916, if nothing happens, we will make it a point to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry White, Mrs. Isabella Harris, Mrs. Leonard Artis, all of Janesville, Wis., have for the past two weeks been delightfully visiting at the home of Mrs. A. B. Patterson, 5312 Federal street.